



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Patent and Trademark Office

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231

AK

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
-----------------	-------------	----------------------	---------------------

09/626,574 07/27/00 MAY M SIG000049

024263 MMC2/0912
TIM MARKSION, GENERAL COUNSEL
SIGMATEL, INC
2700 VIA FORTUNA
SUITE 500
AUSTIN TX 78746

EXAMINER

LUU, A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
----------	--------------

2816

DATE MAILED: 09/12/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/626,574

Applicant(s)

MAY, MICHAEL R.

Examiner

An T. Luu

Art Unit

2816

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 August 2001.
- 2a) ☒ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's Amendment filed on 8-22-01 has been received and entered in the case. The rejections set forth in the previous Office Action are maintained as indicated below.

Specification

2. The amendment filed 8-22-01 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132 because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132 states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: "a second soft latch module".

Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The newly added limitation "a second soft latch module" of claim 10 is not support by the disclosure.

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

Art Unit: 2816

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 10, the limitation “the processing module produces a second processed logic signal based on the second input logic signal”, lines 6-8, is misdescriptive because “the processing module” produces only one output signal as shown in figure 2 of the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

8. Claims 1, 6, 9, 11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the Farrell et al. reference (U.S. Patent 5,510,740).

The Farrell et al discloses in figure 8 an apparatus comprising a filter 820 received an input signal (reset signal) 802 via a processing element 816 for producing a pulse signal 826 and a latch 824 coupled to the filter for latching the pulse signal as claimed in claims 1, 6, 9 and 15. It is noted that signal 802 is received from a terminal which is an input gating device.

As to claim 11, it is inherent that there is two modes for a gating device (i.e., ON/OFF).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

10. Claims 2-3, 7, 9 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Farrell et al. reference (U.S. Patent 5,510,740) in view of the Tsukikawa reference (U.S. Patent 6,121,812).

The Farrell et al discloses all the claimed invention except for having a latch element comprising specific components being configured as claimed. Tsukikawa discloses in figure 8 a latch circuit 30 comprising a first inverter 42 and a second inverting logic element (NAND gate 43) being configured as recited in claims 2-3 and 9. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to replace a generic latch circuit disclosed by Farrell by the one taught by Tsukikawa because the skilled artisan in the art would easily recognize that a latch circuit can be implemented in many different ways in the art without patentable distinction. The selection among different designs of a latch is seen as a design expedient dependent upon the particular requirement of the application.

As to claims 7 and 16, latch 30 receives a second input logic signal IN via filter 3 as required by claim.

11. Claims 4-5, 13-14 and 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Farrell et al. reference (U.S. Patent 5,510,740) in view of the Okada reference (U.S. Patent 4,306,198).

The Farrell et al discloses all the claimed invention except for having a filter element comprising specific components being configured as claimed. Okada discloses in figure3 an apparatus comprising a capacitor C coupled to the input T1 and a gating circuit, including a controlled impedance Q5, Q6, coupled to the capacitor such that the capacitor and an impedance of at least one element of the gating circuit are tuned based on the rise time and fall time of the input signal as required by claims 4-5 and 13-14. It is noted that an inverter is not required since the output of the inverter is connected to a drive transistor Q1, if the complementary type of Q1 is used instead. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to replace a generic filter circuit disclosed by Farrell by the one taught by Okada because the skilled artisan in the art would easily recognize that a filter circuit can be implemented in many different ways in the art without patentable distinction. The selection among different designs of a filter is seen as a design expedient dependent upon the particular requirement of the application.

As to claim 17, the scope of this claim is similar to the combination scope of claims 9 and 13-14. Thus, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth above.

As to claim 18, the scope of this claim is similar to that of claims 2 or 12. Thus, it is rejected for the same reason(s) set forth above.

12. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Farrell et al. reference (U.S. Patent 5,510,740) in view of the Tsukikawa reference (U.S. Patent 6,121,812) and further in view of the Okada reference (U.S. Patent 4,306,198).

The scope of claim 8 is similar to that of claim 2. Thus, the rejection set forth above for claim 2 is also applicable herein.

Response to Arguments

13. Applicant's arguments filed 8-22-01 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding to rejection of claims 1, 6, 9, 11 and 15 under 35 USC 102(b), Applicant's argument are based on his specification, not the recitation of claim. Specifically, the cited prior art (Farrell et al) discloses each and every element required by the independent claims (1 and 9) as pointed out in the last Office Action.

As to claims 6, 11 and 15 Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Regarding to rejection of claims 2, 3, 7 and 12 under 35 USC 103(a) by Farrell in view of Tsukikawa. Applicant has argued that the independent claims (1 and 9) do not read on Farrell. Therefore, their dependent claims (2, 3, 7 and 12) cannot be rendered obvious by Farrell in view of Tsukikawa. Examiner respectfully disagrees because claims 1 and 9 do read on Farrell as noted above. Thus, obviousness can be rendered by motivations provided in Office Action. Further, Applicant has argued that Tsukikawa has three elements wherein his invention has only two elements. Again, Examiner simply disagrees to the above argument because the recitation of claim calls for "comprising". Therefore, Tsukikawa meets the requirement of claims.

Regarding to rejection of claims 4, 5, 13, 14, 17 and 18 under 35 USC 103(a) by Farrell in view of Okada, Applicant has argued that the operation of filter element of Okada is different from his invention. Again, the rejection is based on the recitation of claims, not the specification.

Art Unit: 2816

Also, Applicant has argued that the independent claims (1 and 9) do not read on Farrell and it is not obvious to combine references to reject his dependent claims. Response noted above is applicable here.

Regarding to rejection of claim 8 under 35 USC 103(a) by Farrell in view of Okada. See the above paragraphs.

Conclusion

14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to An T. Luu whose telephone number is 703-308-4922. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5:00.

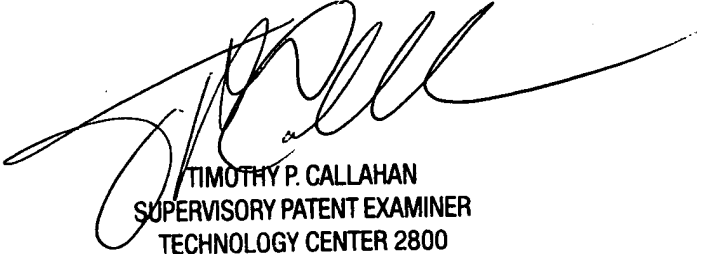
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy P. Callahan can be reached on 703-308-4876. The fax phone numbers for

Art Unit: 2816

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

An T. Luu
9-2-01 *AL*


TIMOTHY P. CALLAHAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800